

## Future Directions in Cancer Prevention and Control at CDC

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### **CDC's Mission**

The nation's health protection agency, CDC works 24/7 to save lives and protects people from health threats.

- Conducts critical science
- Provides health information
- Responds to health threats





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### **How CDC Prevents Chronic Diseases and Promote Health**

### **Domain 1: Epidemiology and Surveillance**

Surveillance and epidemiology guide us in putting our resources to the best use

### **Domain 2: Environmental Approaches**

Improving environments to make it easier for people to make healthy choices

### Domain 3: Health Care System Interventions

 Strengthening health care systems to deliver prevention services that keep people well and diagnose diseases early

### Domain 4: Community Programs Linked to Clinical Services

 Connecting clinical services to community programs that help people prevent and manage their chronic diseases and conditions

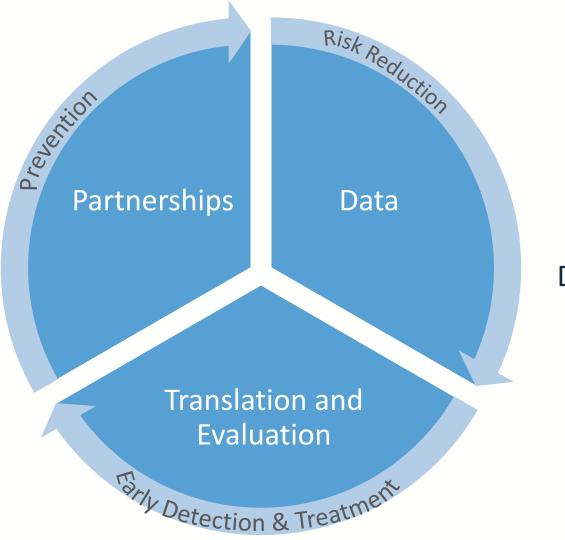
### Leading causes of death in the U.S., 2016

4

Age years (Sex)	#1	#2
All ages (male)	Heart disease	Cancer
All ages (female)	Heart disease	Cancer
<20 (male)	Accidents	Assault
<20 (female)	Accidents	Cancer
20-39 (male)	Accidents	Suicide
20-39 (female)	Accidents	Cancer
40-59 (male)	Heart disease	Cancer
40-59 (female)	Cancer	Heart disease
60-79 (male)	Cancer	Heart disease
60-79 (female)	Cancer	Heart disease
≥80 (male)	Heart disease	Cancer
≥80 (female)	Heart disease	Cancer

### Cancer is the leading cause of premature death (before age 80)

## **Catalyzing Cancer Prevention and Control**



### Positioned to Drive Outcomes

### National Program of Cancer Registries (NPCR)

- Coordinates collection, verification and reporting of important information on all reportable cancer cases.
- Helps identify better ways to prevent, treat and control cancer.









- Data Visualization Tool
- State Cancer Plans
- Public Use Dataset
- Reports & Research

Over 1.7 million new cases & nearly 600,000 deaths annually.

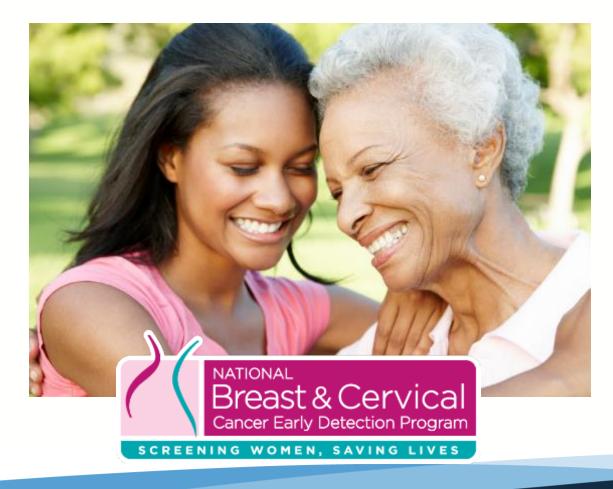
Measuring Progress. Targeting Action.



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

## National Breast & Cervical Early Detection Program

Nearly 30 Years of outreach, education, screening, diagnostic testing



- Serves low-income, uninsured and underinsured women
- Screening and Diagnostic Services
- Special emphasis on women geographically or culturally isolated, or of racial or ethnic minorities

## **Colorectal Cancer Screening**

Increasing population-level Colorectal Cancer Screening Rates



### **Colorectal Cancer Control Program**

- System-level integration into primary care systems
- Evidence-based strategies
- Continuous evaluation and improvement

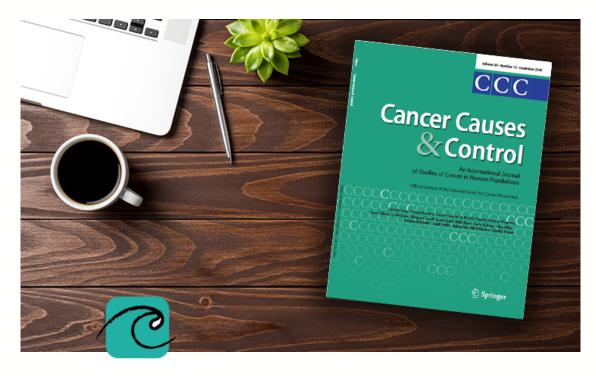


Colorectal Cancer Control Program

Funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

## **Comprehensive Cancer Control**

### **Collaborating to Conquer Cancer**



### **Priorities**

- Emphasize Primary Prevention of Cancer
- Support Early Detection and Treatment Activities
- Address the Public Health Needs of Cancer Survivors
- Implement PSE Changes to Guide Sustainable Cancer Control
- Promote Health Equity as is relates to cancer control
- Demonstrate Outcome through Evaluation



Collaborating to Conquer Cancer

## Looking to the Future





# The New York Eimes

### **Cancer Death Rate in U.S. Sees Sharpest One-Year Drop**

Breakthrough treatments for lung cancer and melanoma have driven down cancer mortality overall — and from 2016 to 2017 spurred the largest-ever decline.

## Every cancer statistic can be followed by a "Yes, and..."

### Overall cancer death rates have declined

- But not for all cancer types, subpopulations, or geographic areas
- Absolute number of cancer deaths have increased, due to changing demographics (age)
- Incidence and/or death rates have increased for several types of cancer
- Number of new cases projected to increase, even if incidence rates remain stable, due to increase in number of older adults
- Cancer disparities persist



## **Cancer Health Disparities Defined**

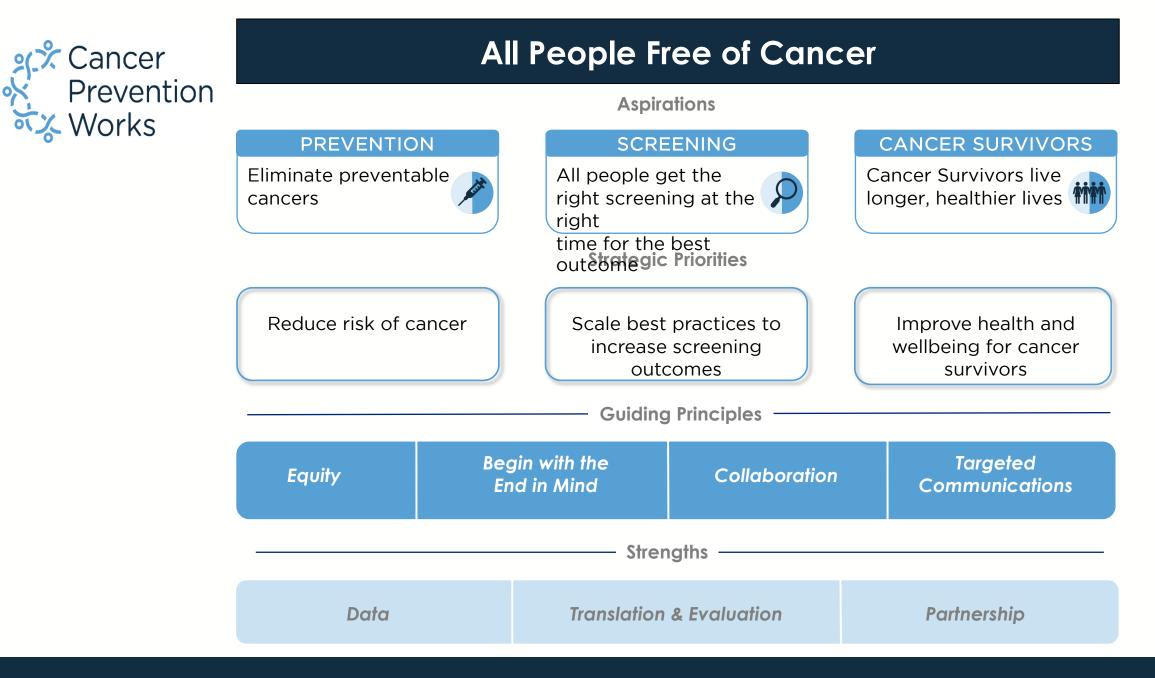
### • NCI defines as:

"adverse differences in cancer incidence, prevalence, death, survivorship or burden of cancer or related health conditions that exist among **specific population groups** in the United States."

- Population groups:
  - age
  - disability
  - education
  - ethnicity
  - gender
  - geographic location
  - income
  - race



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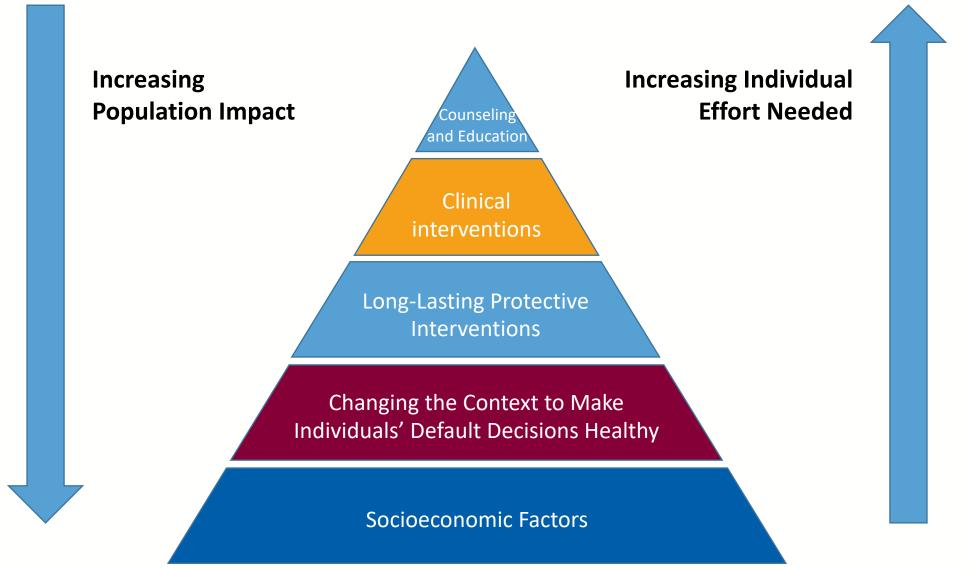
## Advancing Health Equity



## Public Health 3.0: Focus on the Social Determinants of Health



## **The Health Impact Pyramid**



Frieden TR. A Framework for Pubic Health Action: The Health Impact Pyramid. AJPH 2010;100(4):590-5.

## **Tackling social inequities**

### What is "modifiable"?

- Non-modifiable
  - Age
  - Race/ethnicity
  - Genetics
  - Poverty

- Potentially modifiable
  - Factors that accelerate aging
  - Policies that prohibit discrimination
  - Gene expression (epi-genetics)
  - Educational and economic opportunities

## Advancing Science



## Data to Action

### **Science Impact Framework:**

- Disseminating Science
- Creating Awareness
- Catalyzing Action
- Effecting Change
- Shaping the Future



"One of the things that bothers me the most is when we leave science on the shelf." Robert Redfield, MD, Director, CDC



## Thank you!

Go to the official federal source of cancer prevention information: www.cdc.gov/cancer



#### **Division of Cancer Prevention and Control**

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The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.