Using clinical-community linkages to reduce tobacco use

Case Western Reserve University





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Project Objectives:

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Use secondary data to understand tobacco prevalence, practice patterns and use of community resources to identify opportunities for change.

CPCRN team



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Current Adult Cigarette Smoking in Cuyahoga County (2012) and City of Cleveland (2015), Overall and by INCOME



Source: Prevention Research Center for Healthy Neighborhoods. www.PRCHN.org

Healthy Neighborhoods

Current Adult Cigarette Smoking in Cuyahoga County (2012) and City of Cleveland (2015), Overall and by EDUCATION





Baseline data

Baseline data all adult patient visits to MH primary care outpatient clinics 2014-2016

		Overall Current 140,990 (100.0) 44,365 (32.7)		Former Smoker 29,596 (21.8)	Never Smoker 61,659 (45.5)	
Description	Category	Total	N (%)	N (%)	N (%)	P-Value
Gender	Male	50,982 (36.2%)	18,687 (37.8%)	12,338 (25.0%)	18,382 (37.2%)	<.001
	Female	90,007 (63.8%)	25,678 (29.8%)	17,258 (20.0%)	43,276 (50.2%)	
Age in Years	18-34	42,519 (30.2%)	13,684 (33.7%)	5,076 (12.5%)	21,859 (53.8%)	<.001
	35-64	77,746 (55.1%)	27,478 (36.6%)	16,693 (22.3%)	30,818 (41.1%)	
	65+	20,725 (14.7%)	3,203 (16.0%)	7,827 (39.1%)	8,982 (44.9%)	
Race*	Caucasian	70,820 (55.2%)	20,358 (30.0%)	16,039 (23.7%)	31,374 (46.3%)	<.001
	African American	53,596 (41.8%)	20,617 (39.6%)	10,861 (20.9%)	20,563 (39.5%)	
	Other	3,910 (3.0%)	428 (11.7%)	451 (12.3%)	2,790 (76.0%)	
Hispanic*	Non-Hispanic	123,519 (90.3%)	40,008 (33.7%)	26,290 (22.1%)	52,571 (44.2%)	<.001
	Hispanic	13,340 (9.7%)	3,204 (25.0%)	2,413 (18.8%)	7,185 (56.1%)	
Insurance Class	Commercial	46,700 (33.1%)	8.750 (19.6%)	9,438 (21.2%)	26,343 (59.2%)	<.001
	Medicaid	58,478 (41.5%)	26,021 (46.1%)	9,709 (17.2%)	20,692 (36.7%)	
	Medicare	26,482 (18.8%)	6,825 (26.6%)	8,848 (34.5%)	9,952 (38.8%)	
	Self-Pay	9,330 (6.6%)	2,769 (30.6%)	1,601 (17.7%)	4,672 (51.7%)	

Quitlines

- Evidence based strategy for assisting tobacco cessation
- Telephonic counseling services available in all 50 states.
- Eligibility and services vary by state and quitline provider

What we know:

- Few patients call on their own (2% of smokers)
- Clinician recommendation has low yield of calls (2%)
- Direct referral (fax or electronic) better yield ~ 50%
- Uptake of fax referral has been low.

Quitlines & eReferral

eReferral – directly refer patient to quitline using electronic health record (EHR)

Benefits:

- Patient information is immediately sent to the QL
- QL will pro-actively call the patient
- Greater opportunity to create system-based EHR prompts and automation
- Feedback reports can be incorporated into EHR
- Potential for greater volume and efficiency

Simple Schematic of an eReferral System



 Information integrate into patient record Simple Schematic of an eReferral System



Ask-Advise-Connect Strategy

A systems-level approach that engages medical assistants to:

Ask about smoking status,

Advise smokers to quit and

Connect those that are ready to the state Quitline. (using an e-Referral)

Patients enrolled in the Ask-Advise-Connect arm were 12 times more likely to enroll in QL treatment than patients who received a passive referral. Vidrine et al. 2011, 2013

eReferral Implementation Study

Aim: To evaluate the implementation and uptake of the Quitline eReferral through the Ask-Advise-Connect model.

- Establish eReferral capacity
- Design changes to EHR and work flow
- Develop Ask-Advise-Connect trainings and support materials
- Pilot test implementation 2 clinical sites

Ask-Advise-Connect & eReferral project

Partners: MetroHealth Ohio Department of Health Quitline providers for Ohio: NJH





eReferral project

Accomplishments:

- Exceptional health system buy in and sustained effort will reflect long-term practice changes at MetroHealth
- Programming to establish the data exchange complete
- EHR fields adapted to satisfy MH meaningful use requirements
- Updated tobacco sections and user instructions completed for MTAs and nurses
- Created a 'best practice alert' to sort patients by Quitline eligibility
- Developed a tip sheet for EHR training / future employees
- Implemented the process in 2 primary care sites

EDIC TIP SHEET

Tobacco Screening

The purpose of this project is to promote partnerships between primary care clinics and community resources in order to increase the delivery of smoking cessation services to those who are least likely to access them. As an effort to improve the reach, effectiveness and patient-centeredness of tobacco cessation assistance to patients who smoke using an eReferral approach integrated into the EHR. MTAs and nurses will identify MetroHealth patients who are smokers interested in quitting and refer them to cessation services through the Ask, Advise, Connect model.

- Ask determine smoking status
- Advise recommend quitting
- Connect offer eReferral to assist quitting

Once referred, the quitline will contact eligible patients to provide cessati morbidity and mortality due to tobacco use.

🝺 Try It Out

There are four new sections added to the Visit Navigator related to tobac use for cigarettes only, **other tobacco use**, and **assess readiness to quit**.



Advise and Assess Readiness to Quit - Assess Readiness to Quit Smoking	ት 🕹
ime taken: 1109 🕐 9/2/2016 📰	Show: Row Info Last Filed Details All Choices
Values By	
\bigtriangledown Quitting Smoking is one of the most important thinkgs you can do to impre	ove your health. As a member of your health care team, we know it can be hard to quit.
Date Advise Given	
Do you want to quit Yes No in the next month?	
Would you like us to connect you to tools and programs that can help you quit?	
Date adviise given	
KI Restore 🖌 Close F9 🗙 Cancel	👚 Previous F7 🕹 Next F8

- Tobacco Instructions Recommended questions for tobacco Instructions: Section 1 should be used to provide guidelines to determine smok
 - At the top left a list of recommended questions is provided to ASK patie

Empower the staff:

- They provide advice statement;

- They sign the referral order.

Tip Sheet and example of a new section programmed in EPIC

Ask Advise Connect: A Tool that Works! eReferral Feedback Report – site 1

	1	1 month	2 months	3 months	4 months
Indicator	month	after	after	after	after
	before				
	AAC				
	launch				
# of visits	1515	2154	1982	1999	1426
% Ask (in the last 30 days)	45.7%	65.9%	68.3%	62.5%	65.9%
<i># of visits by tobacco users</i>	296	515	505	449	339
% Advise – original ACO field	27%	79.8%	70.5%	61.9%	64.7%
% Advise – new statement		67.2%	73.2%	70.4%	80.8%
% Assess Readiness	3.7%	85.8%	85.5%	80.6	83.8%
<i># ready to quit in next 30 days</i>	9	210	168	156	104
% offer Connect		100%	100%	100%	100%
% Accepted Referral		40.9%	24.4%	18.6%	18.3%

Ask Advise Connect: A Tool that Works! eReferral Feedback Report – site 2



Indicator	1 month before AAC launch	1 month after	2 months after	3 months after	4 months after
<i># of visits</i>	2848	2304	2894	2682	2778
% Ask (in the last 30 days)	49.4%	61.7%	65.8%	68.8%	67.6%
<i># of visits by tobacco users</i>	429	508	646	636	638
% Advise – original ACO field	11.9%	69.7%	72.6%	61.0%	62.1%
% Advise – new statement		75.0%	78.6%	81.4%	84.5%
% Assess Readiness	40.8%	87.0%	85.3%	80.8	82.4%
<i># ready to quit in next 30 days</i>	48	181	200	146	174
% offer Connect		99.4%	100%	100%	100%
% Accepted Referral	2%	66.3%	64.5%	53.4%	44.3%

eReferral project – Challenges

- The project survived 2 EHR upgrades, 3rd starting in June
- Change to a new system for OB/GYN clinics, more changes to come as all are going to wide screen format for EHR interface – requires a redesign
- The primary care community director retired
- The system absorbed Kaiser Permanente practices and involved a complete restructure of clinical support staff
- Our assigned IS programmer retired mid-project.
- President of the quitline that approved the project retired, 1 year later our main contact at the quitline left the organization.

eReferral project What's next:

Funding by PCORI for larger trial to:

- Extend AAC implementation to 8 community sites
- Add a clinician intervention teachable moment strategy
- Expand beyond primary care at Metrohealth.
- Expand to FQHC sites in Ohio
- Adapt to other health behavior topics

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Secondary Data analysis

UDS data 2011-2015

- Burden of tobacco at FQHCs
 - paper completed
 - Assess and assist tobacco cessation



Potentially examine other cancer screening services

Quitline data for Ohio 2012 – 2016

- Replicate 2007 paper on who is receiving proactive referral
- Replicate paper on quitline use among underserved populations.

Exploring new collaborative project

- The Ohio Academy of Family Physicians (OAFP), the American Cancer Society, Ohio Department of Health, the Ohio Association of Community Health Centers
- Using ACS CRC screening curriculum, primary care clinical champion model, and a practice team quality improvement program.
- Gather qualitative and quantitative data to evaluate the uptake, implementation and effect of the program; examine opportunities for augmenting the strategy. E.g. test a practice facilitator model.

CWRU strengths

Acquisition and analysis of secondary data
Close collaboration with health system
Depth of experience with mixed methods
Strong liaison with county health department
Strong relationship with Case Comprehensive Cancer Center

